A Concurrent Specification of Brzozowksi's DFA Construction Algorithm

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Sequential algorithm

```
\delta, S, F: = \emptyset, {E}, \emptyset;
D.T:=\varnothing.S:
do (T \neq \varnothing) \rightarrow
    let q be some state such that q \in T;
     D, T := D \cup \{q\}, T \setminus \{q\};
     { build out-transitions from q on all alphabet symbols }
     for (i : \Sigma) \rightarrow
          { find derivative of q with respect to i }
          d:=i^{-1}a:
          if d \notin (D \cup T) \rightarrow T := T \cup \{d\}
          ||d \in (D \cup T) \rightarrow \text{skip}
          { make a transition from q to d on i }
          \delta(q,i):=d
     rof:
     if \varepsilon \in \mathcal{L}(q) \to F := F \cup \{q\}
     \llbracket \varepsilon \notin \mathcal{L}(q) \to \text{skip} 
od:
return (D, \Sigma, \delta, S, F)
```





Selected CSP notation

$a \rightarrow P$	event a then process Q
$a \rightarrow P b \rightarrow Q$	a then P choice b then Q
$x:A\rightarrow P(x)$	choice of x from set A then $P(x)$
$P \parallel Q$	P in parallel with Q
	Synchronize on common events in alphabets
b!e	on channel <i>b</i> output event <i>e</i>
b?x	from channel b input to variable x
$P \not < C \not > Q$	if C then process P else process Q
P; Q	process P followed by process Q
$P \square Q$	process P choice process Q





The BRZ process

$$BRZ(D, T) = OUTER(D, T) \parallel DERIVE \parallel UPDATE$$

- OUTER corresponds with outer loop.
- DERIVE caters for the computation of derivatives.
- UPDATE caters for the determination of which regular expressions should be used to update T and also for updating δ .





The OUTER process

- Some $q \in T$ is selected to build its outgoing transitions.
- Updating of set D, T, and F.

$$OUTER(D,T) =$$

$$(q:T \rightarrow (EXTRACT(q) \parallel FINAL(q)); \ OUTER(D \cup \{q\}, T \setminus \{q\}))$$

$$\Box \ (insert?q \rightarrow OUTER(D,T \cup \{q\}))$$





The EXTRACT and FINAL processes

Broadcasts the selected q to the DERIVE processes.

$$EXTRACT(q) = \parallel_{i:\Sigma} EXTRACT_i(q)$$
 where $EXTRACT_i(q) = (dIn_i!q \rightarrow SKIP)$

Updates F, if needed.

$$\mathit{FINAL}(q) = F := F \cup \{q\} \not\leftarrow \varepsilon \in \mathcal{L}(q) \not\Rightarrow \mathit{SKIP}$$





The DERIVE process

Finds the derivatives of a regular expression in parallel.

$$DERIVE = \parallel_{i:\Sigma} DERIVE_i \quad ext{where}$$
 $DERIVE_i = dIn_i?q
ightarrow dOut_i!(q, rac{d}{di}q)
ightarrow DERIVE_i$





The UPDATE process

- Receives derivatives and updates δ .
- Feeds back the derivative to OUTER.

$$UPDATE = ||_{i:\Sigma} UPDATE_i$$

$$UPDATE_i = (dOut_i?(q,d) \rightarrow (UPT_i(d) \parallel UPD_i(q,d))); UPDATE_i$$

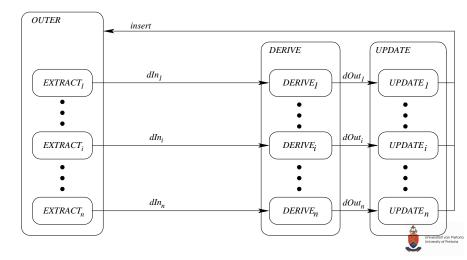
$$UPT_i(d) = insert!d \rightarrow SKIP \leqslant d \notin (D \cup T) \geqslant SKIP$$

$$UPD_i(q, d) = \delta(q, i) := d$$

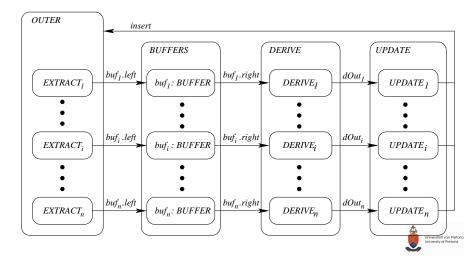




Graphical representation



Buffered version



Conclusion

- Presented an abstract concurrent specification.
- Attempted to allow for as much concurrency as possible.

- Next steps
 - Implement concurrent Brzozowski.
 - Other FA algorithms such as minimisation.



